The Software Capability Maturity Model (SW-CMM) &

Preparation for SID Quick-Assessments



March 2003



Changing The Way You Think About Process Improvement!

Today's Agenda

- Background To The SW-CMM
- Project Assessment Objectives
- How the Assessment Will Work
- Review Assessment Schedule
- The CAIP

- Background To The CMM
- Project Assessment Objectives
- How the Assessment Will Work
- Review Assessment Schedule
- The CAIP

3



Standish Group - CHAOS Study

In the U.S. in 1995, \$250 billion / year spent on information technology for 175,000 software projects

- · 31% of projects canceled before completion
- 53% of projects cost 189% of original estimates
- spend \$81 billion for canceled software projects

Only 16% of software projects completed on-time and on-budget

http://www.standishgroup.com/chaos.html

April 2000

Executive Intro to SPI



Myth: Software Problems Are "Technical" Problems

Examined real-life case studies

- Defense Science Board Task Force on Military Software report, 1987
- · "Bugs in the Program" report, 1989
- · red teams, assessments, evaluations, ...

Well-known, consistent problems – revealing a major gap between the state-of-the-art and the state-of-the-practice

The major problems in software development are managerial – not technical.

Sept 2001 13 History of CMM

SECAT LLC
measurement based improvement

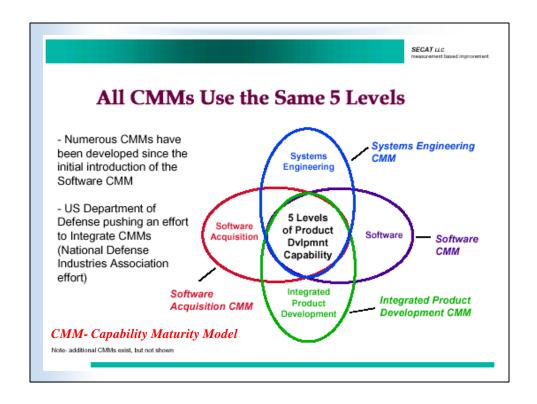
Capability Maturity Models: Standards for Organizational Measurement and Improvement

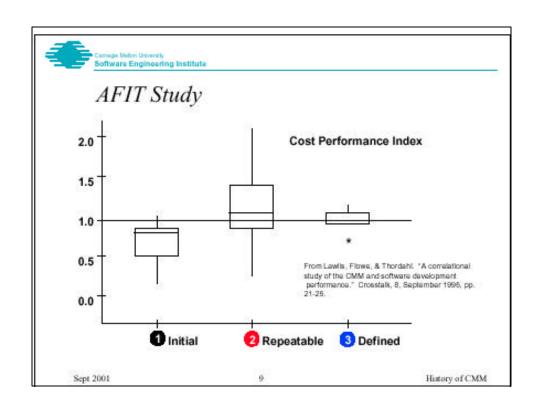
Research performed on how to best transition an organization from chaotic to continuously improved product development

Started with work done by IBM in early 1980's, developed into Capability Maturity Model in mid to late 1980's by Software Engineering Institute (Carnegie Mellon University)

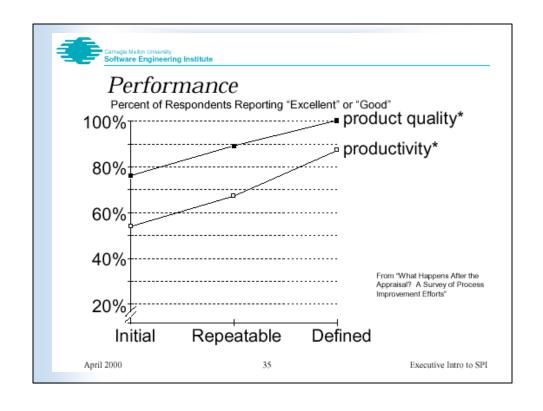
Broke the transition from chaos to continuously improved into a sequence of 5 levels

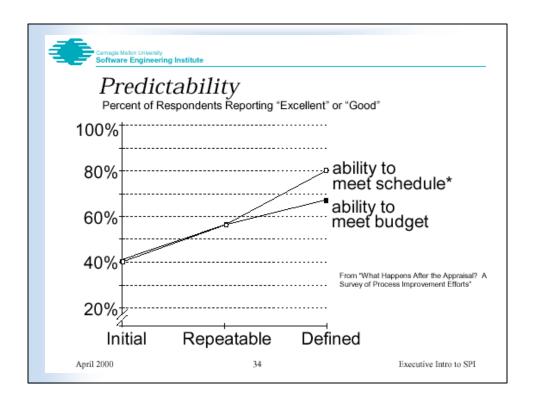
Developed a method for a company to measure itself against the 5 levels

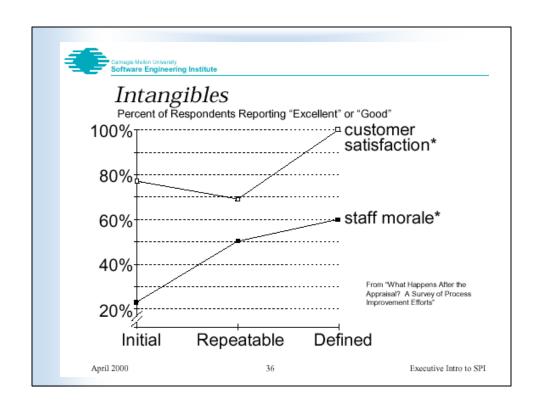


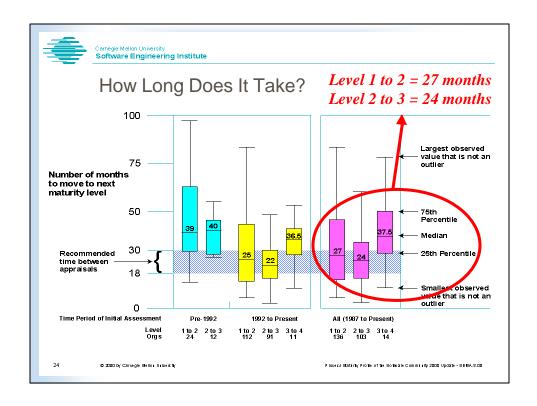


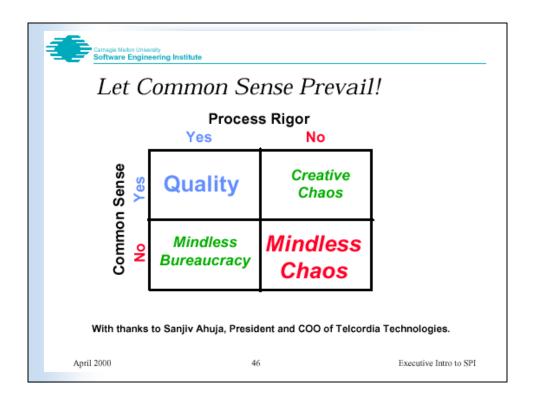
"T	rends"	in Quali	ty Result	S	
Maturity Level	Design Faults / KSLOC (Keene)	Delivered Defects / FP (Jones)	Shipped Defects / KSLOC (Krasner)	Relative Defect Density (Williams)	Shipped Defects (Rifkin)
5	0.5	0.05	0.5	0.05	1
4	1	0.14	2.5	0.1	5
3	2	0.27	3.5	0.2	7
2	3	0.44	6	0.4	12
1 Samuel Keene	5-6	0.75	30	1.0	61

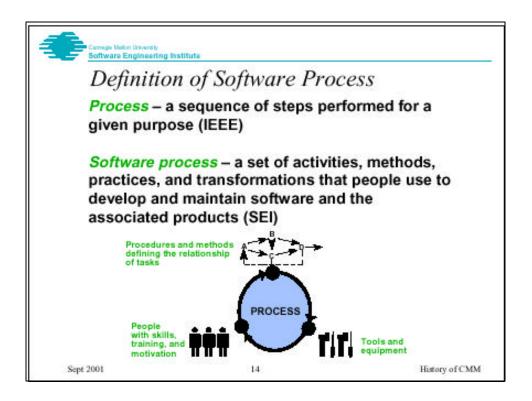








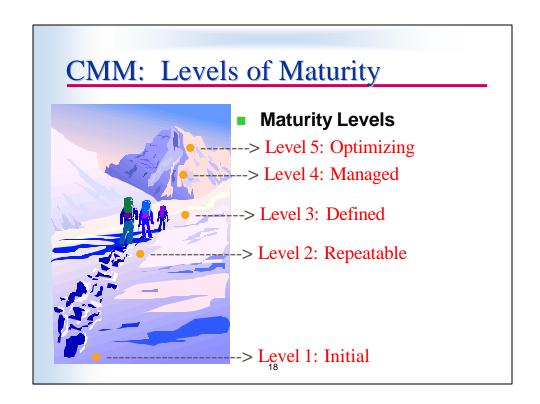




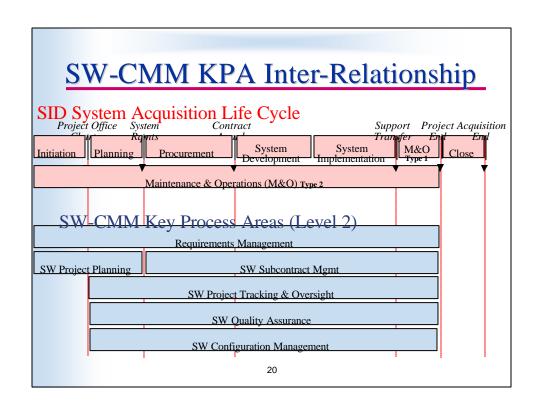
- Background To The CMM
- **Project Assessment Objectives**
- How the Assessment Will Work
- Review Assessment Schedule
- The CAIP

Project Assessment Objectives

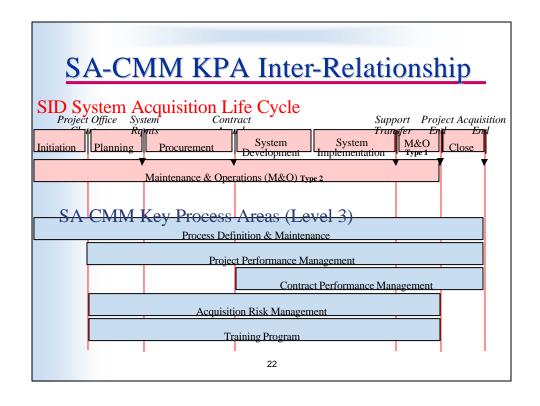
- To understand the context and content of the SW-CMM Level 2 Key Practice Areas (KPAs) and SA-CMM Level 3 KPAs.
- To relate SW-CMM KPAs to your project in a meaningful way.
- To add value to your project (and SID) by affording opportunities to improve business practices.
- To prepare projects for possible CMM certification.



Level	Focus	SW-CMM Key Process Area	Results
5 Optimizing	Continuous Process Improvement	✓ Defect Prevention✓ Technology Change Management✓ Process Change Management	
4 Managed	Product and Process Quality	✓ Quantitative Process Management ✓ Software Quality Management	
3 Defined	Engineering Processes and Organizational Support	 ✓ Organization Process Focus ✓ Organization Process Definition ✓ Training Program ✓ Integrated Software Management ✓ Software Product Engineering ✓ Intergroup Coordination ✓ Peer Reviews 	Quality
2 Repeatable	Project Management Processes	 ✓ Requirements Management ✓ Software Project Planning ✓ SW Project Tracking & Oversight ✓ Software Subcontract Management ✓ Software Quality Assurance ✓ Software Configuration Management 	Risk
1 Initial	Go.	mpetent People and Heroics Our Focus	



Level	Focus (SA-CMM Rey Process Area
5 Optimizing	Continuous Process Improvement	✓ Acquisition Innovation Management ✓ Continuous Process Improvement
4 Quantitative	Quantitative Management	✓ Quantitative Acquisition Management ✓ Quantitative Process Management
3 Defined	Process Standardization Review Checklist	 ✓ Training Program ✓ Acquisition Risk Management ✓ Contract Performance Management ✓ Project Performance Management ✓ Process Definition and Maintenance
2 Repeatable	Bysic Project Management	 ✓ Transition To Support ✓ Evaluation ✓ Contract Tracking & Oversight ✓ Project Management ✓ Requirements Development & Mgmt ✓ Solicitation ✓ Software Acquisition Planning
1 Initial	Cym	retent People and Heroics
		Our Focus



- Background To The CMM
- Project Assessment Objectives
- **How the Assessment Will Work**
- Review Assessment Schedule
- The CAIP

23

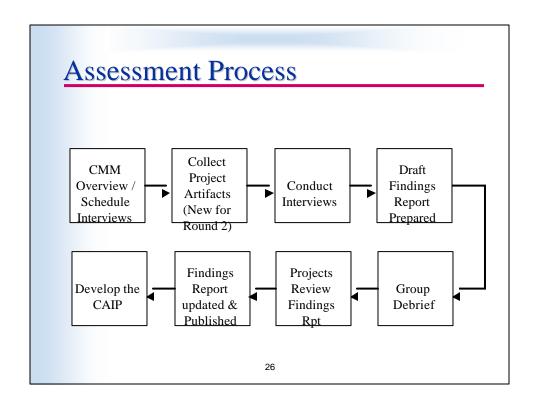
Project Lifecycle / Rating Scheme

<Insert Your SW Development Life Cycle Here>

Rating	Definition	Explanation	Scoring Value
FS	Fully Satisfied	The project has fully demonstrated the discipline and has tangible artifacts to back up the claim.	l-point times the raw FS score.
PS	Partially Satisfied	The project has demonstrated portions of the discipline and has some tangible evidence to show.	%-point times the raw PS score.
NS	Not Satisfied	The project does not practice this discipline at all.	0-points times the raw NS score.
NR	Not Required	The discipline (while applicable to the project) is not a required practice for the project's current life cycle phase. Thus, the discipline is not to be considered in the scoring process.	Not Applicable
NA	Not Applicable	This practice does not at all apply to the project's business practices and is not to be considered in the scoring process.	Not Applicable

Time Expectation On The Team!

- Team Overview Session (1.5 hours)
- Preparation for the Interview (1.5 hours per person)
 - Read the SW-CMM Introduction section.
 - Read your assigned SW-CMM handbook section(s).
 - Translate the checklist inquiry to life on your project.
 What does it mean for your project?
 - Be comfortable with how the Interview Process will work.
- The Interview (0.5 1 hour for each of the KPAs)
 - Team discussion w/ Tom, Laura, and the Project Manager.
 - Define what the Artifact is (or should be) that will prove adherence.
 - Determine a rating for each item (FS, PS, NS, NR, NA).
- Review Findings Report / Team Debrief (1-2 hours)



Questions?

- Check out our Website
 - http://bpweb (on the intranet)
 - http://www.bestpractices.cahwnet.gov
- Contact Us
 - Laura Okawa
 - 263-4120 (mornings); 606-5455 (afternoons)
 - ► Lokawa@sid.hhsdc.ca.gov
 - Tom Arnez
 - **263-4293**
 - ► <u>Tarnez@sid.hhsdc.ca.gov</u>

27

Today's Agenda

- Background To The CMM
- Project Assessment Objectives
- How the Assessment Will Work
- **Review Assessment Schedule**
- The CAIP

Assessment Interview Schedule

SW-CMM Level 2 Topic	Interviewees
2.1 Requirements Mgmt	
2.2 SW Project Planning	
2.3 Proj Tracking & Oversight	
2.4 SW Subcontract Mgmt	
2.5 SW Quality Assurance	
2.6 SW Configuration Mgmt	
	2.2 SW Project Planning 2.3 Proj Tracking & Oversight 2.4 SW Subcontract Mgmt 2.5 SW Quality Assurance

20

Assessment Interview Schedule

Date/Time	SA-CMM Level 3 Topic	Interviewees
	3.1 Process Definition & Maintenance	
	3.2 Project Performance Management	
	3.3 Contract Performance Management	
	3.4 Acquisition Risk	
	3.5 Training Program	

- Background To The CMM
- Project Assessment Objectives
- How the Assessment Will Work
- Review Assessment Schedule
- **The CAIP**

31

CMM Assessment Implementation Plan (CAIP)

- Starting December 2002, Round 2 assessments included the creation of a CMM Assessment Implementation Plan (called CAIP).
- A CAIP takes the findings from the CMM Assessment and translates it into a realistic plan for implementing recommendations to include proposed completion dates, resource requirements, and progress reporting mechanisms.

Looking Ahead to Round 3

- The series of Round 3 assessments are anticipated to be the final so-called "practice" assessment before the organization seeks a formal SEI assessment.
- These assessments will attempt to replicate an actual SEI assessment. Most notable will be the inclusion of project practitioners in the interview pool (previously only project leads and managers).
- Also, greater vigilance will be used to evaluate the adherence to formalized processes and documentation evidence to corroborate interview responses.
- An independent contractor will likely be utilized to ensure independence and unbiased tendencies during this final practice assessment.